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| **Current Children and Youth Cabinet Indicators**   1. Birth to women with fewer than 12 years of education 2. Teen births 3. Domestic violence 4. Mothers beginning prenatal care in the first trimester 5. Early childhood staff with bachelor’s degrees 6. Children in poverty 7. Children who are homeless 8. Children in supportive neighborhoods 9. Children whose kindergarten entry assessment scores show they are ready for school 10. Children who are read to by their parents or relative caregivers 11. Children who are maltreated 12. Children with a medical home 13. Children with health insurance | **Florida’s First 1000 Days Priorities**  **Safety:**   * Expanded access to trauma-informed care and courts * Trauma-informed competency among those who deal with children and their families   **Nurture/Education:**   * Quality for child care and expanded access * Money for home visitation and community-based support * Expanded parental support through Help Me Grow * Collection of relevant data to measure child/family wellbeing   **Health Care:**   * Restoration of KidCare outreach money * Training mental health counselors on early childhood mental health issues * Expanded access to dental care for children 0-3 * Rewriting mental health bill to include parental and caregiver anxiety and depression, pregnancy mental health issues and early childhood mental health * Maintain or expand prenatal Medicaid to 185% of poverty * Remove five-year ban for immigrant women to receive prenatal care   **Security:**   * Increase funding for Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) assistance. |  |
| **Noreen Dollard, Department of Child and Family Studies at Louis de la Parte Florida Mental Health Institute at USF and Florida KIDS COUNT**   1. Healthy birth weights 2. Poverty 3. Kids under 5 in school 4. Parent education level 5. Kindergarten readiness |
| **Next Generation, California Study on Indicators that Predict a Child’s Life Outcomes**   1. poverty (child poverty and total poverty rates) 2. educational attainment (rate of 4-year degree holders and those without a high school diploma) 3. health (low birth-weight and asthma hospitalizations) 4. family structure (rate of single mother households) |